

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version 3.1      Revision Date: 29.11.2024      SDS Number: 800001036203      Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

---

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Gasoil (GO)  
Product code : 002D6099  
Other means of identification : MARPOL annex I category: Gas oils, including ship's bunkers  
  
Unique Formula Identifier (UFI) : C94P-RR0Q-M50D-AKMP

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture : Fuel for use in off-road diesel engines, boilers, furnaces and other combustion equipment.  
Please refer to section 16 and/or the annexes for the registered uses under REACH.  
  
Uses advised against : This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the supplier., This product is not to be used as a solvent or cleaning agent; for lighting or brightening fires; as a skin cleanser.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier : **Shell Trading International Limited**  
Shell Centre  
London  
SE1 7NA  
United Kingdom  
Telephone : +44 (0) 20 7546 2364  
Telefax : (+44) +44 (0)151 350 4595  
Contact for Safety Data Sheet : TRSDS@SHELL.COM If you have any enquiries about the content of this SDS please email TRSDS@shell.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

: +44 (0) 20 7934 7778 (This telephone number is available 24 hours per day, 7 days per week)  
National Poison Information Centre (NVIC): Tel. nr. +31(0)88 755 8000 (24 hrs a day and 7 days a week).  
Only for the purpose of informing medical personnel.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version 3.1      Revision Date: 29.11.2024      SDS Number: 800001036203      Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification





#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

##### Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Flammable liquids, Category 3	H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.
Aspiration hazard, Category 1	H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Skin irritation, Category 2	H315: Causes skin irritation.
Acute toxicity, Category 4, Inhalation	H332: Harmful if inhaled.
Carcinogenicity, Category 2	H351: Suspected of causing cancer.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 2, Blood, thymus, Liver	H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 2	H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 2.2 Label elements

##### Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms	:	   
Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements	:	PHYSICAL HAZARDS: H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. HEALTH HAZARDS: H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H315 Causes skin irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H373 May cause damage to organs (Blood, Liver, thymus) through prolonged or repeated exposure. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	:	<b>Prevention:</b> P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version 3.1	Revision Date: 29.11.2024	SDS Number: 800001036203	Date of last issue: 12.12.2023 Print Date 03.03.2025
----------------	------------------------------	-----------------------------	---

P273 Avoid release to the environment.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

### Response:

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.  
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

### Storage:

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.  
P405 Store locked up.

### Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

### 2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

May ignite on surfaces at temperatures above auto-ignition temperature.  
Vapour in the headspace of tanks and containers may ignite and explode at temperatures exceeding auto-ignition temperature, where vapour concentrations are within the flammability range. This material is a static accumulator.  
Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still accumulate an electrostatic charge.  
If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable air-vapour mixtures can occur.  
This product is intended for use in closed systems only.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature : A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of crude oil. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C9 through C20 and boiling in the range of approximately 163°C to 357°C (325°F to 675°F).  
May also contain several additives at <0.1% v/v each.  
May contain cetane improver (Ethyl Hexyl Nitrate) at <0.2% v/v.  
  
May contain methyl and ethyl esters from lipid sources

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

May contain catalytically cracked oils in which polycyclic aromatic compounds, mainly 3-ring but some 4- to 6-ring species are present.

### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Fuels, diesel	68334-30-5 269-822-7 649-224-00-6 01-2119484664-27	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Carc. 2; H351 STOT RE 2; H373 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	50 - 100
Distillates (Fischer-Tropsch), C8-26 - Branched and Linear	848301-67-7 481-740-5 01-0000020119-75	Asp. Tox. 1; H304	0 - 60
Kerosene (Fischer Tropsch), Full range, C8-C16 branched and linear	848301-66-6 481-670-5 01-0000020121-90	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Asp. Tox. 1; H304 EUH066	0 - 25

Remarks : Dyes and markers can be used to indicate tax status and prevent fraud.

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

### Further information

Contains:

Chemical name	Identification number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Naphthalene	91-20-3, 202-049-5	Acute Tox.4; H302 Carc.2; H351 Aquatic Acute1; H400 Aquatic Chronic1; H410	0 - 0,5

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version 3.1      Revision Date: 29.11.2024      SDS Number: 800001036203      Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

---

- conditions.
- Protection of first-aiders : When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
- If inhaled : Call emergency number for your location / facility.  
Remove to fresh air. Do not attempt to rescue the victim unless proper respiratory protection is worn. If the victim has difficulty breathing or tightness of the chest, is dizzy, vomiting, or unresponsive, give 100% oxygen with rescue breathing or Cardio-Pulmonary Resuscitation as required and transport to the nearest medical facility.
- In case of skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, and follow by washing with soap and water if available. If redness, swelling, pain and/or blisters occur, transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treatment.  
When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop.  
Obtain medical attention even in the absence of apparent wounds.
- In case of eye contact : Flush eye with copious quantities of water.  
Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
- If swallowed : Call emergency number for your location / facility.  
If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration.  
If any of the following delayed signs and symptoms appear within the next 6 hours, transport to the nearest medical facility: fever greater than 101° F (38.3°C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Symptoms : Respiratory irritation signs and symptoms may include a temporary burning sensation of the nose and throat, coughing, and/or difficulty breathing.  
Skin irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, swelling, and/or blisters.  
Eye irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, swelling, and/or blurred vision.  
If material enters lungs, signs and symptoms may include coughing, choking, wheezing, difficulty in breathing, chest congestion, shortness of breath, and/or fever.  
If any of the following delayed signs and symptoms appear

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

within the next 6 hours, transport to the nearest medical facility: fever greater than 101° F (38.3°C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing. Liver damage may be indicated by loss of appetite, jaundice (yellowish skin and eye colour), fatigue, bleeding or easy bruising and sometimes pain and swelling in the upper right abdomen.

Damage to blood-forming organs may be evidenced by: a) fatigue and anaemia (RBC), b) decreased resistance to infection, and/or excessive bruising and bleeding (platelet effect).

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance.  
Potential for chemical pneumonitis.  
Treat symptomatically.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use direct water jets on the burning product as they could cause a steam explosion and spread of the fire. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Hazardous combustion products may include:  
A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke).  
Oxides of sulphur.  
Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.  
Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs.  
Will float and can be reignited on surface water.  
Flammable vapours may be present even at temperatures below the flash point.  
The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and distant ignition is possible.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters : Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version 3.1      Revision Date: 29.11.2024      SDS Number: 800001036203      Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

---

Specific extinguishing methods : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Further information : Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel.

Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.  
If possible remove containers from the danger zone.  
If the fire cannot be extinguished the only course of action is to evacuate immediately.  
Contain residual material at affected sites to prevent material from entering drains (sewers), ditches, and waterways.

---

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : 6.1.1 For non emergency personnel:  
Do not breathe fumes, vapour.  
Do not operate electrical equipment.  
6.1.2 For emergency responders:  
Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area and evacuate all personnel. Attempt to disperse the gas or to direct its flow to a safe location for example by using fog sprays. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment. Monitor area with combustible gas meter.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Take measures to minimise the effects on groundwater.  
Contain residual material at affected sites to prevent material from entering drains (sewers), ditches, and waterways.  
Prevent from spreading or entering into drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.  
For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.  
Prevent from spreading or entering into drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version 3.1      Revision Date: 29.11.2024      SDS Number: 800001036203      Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

---

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet., Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained., Maritime spillages should be dealt with using a Shipboard Oil Pollution Emergency Plan (SOPEP), as required by MARPOL Annex 1 Regulation 26.

---

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Technical measures : Avoid breathing of or direct contact with material. Only use in well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.  
Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols.  
Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.  
Prevent spillages.  
Never siphon by mouth.  
Air-dry contaminated clothing in a well-ventilated area before laundering.  
Contaminated leather articles including shoes cannot be decontaminated and should be destroyed to prevent reuse.
- Maintenance and Fuelling Activities - Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin.
- Advice on safe handling : Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage facilities are followed.  
Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists.  
Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.  
When using do not eat or drink.  
Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition sources. Avoid sparks.  
Earth all equipment.  
Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.  
Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols.
- The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and distant ignition is possible.
- Product Transfer : Avoid splash filling Wait 2 minutes after tank filling (for tanks such as those on road tanker vehicles) before opening hatches or manholes. Wait 30 minutes after tank filling ( for large storage tanks) before opening hatches or manholes. Keep containers closed when not in use. Contamination resulting



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

from product transfer may give rise to light hydrocarbon vapour in the headspace of tanks that have previously contained gasoline. This vapour may explode if there is a source of ignition. Partly filled containers present a greater hazard than those that are full, therefore handling, transfer and sampling activities need special care. Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still accumulate an electrostatic charge. If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable air-vapour mixtures can occur. Be aware of handling operations that may give rise to additional hazards that result from the accumulation of static charges. These include but are not limited to pumping (especially turbulent flow), mixing, filtering, splash filling, cleaning and filling of tanks and containers, sampling, switch loading, gauging, vacuum truck operations, and mechanical movements. These activities may lead to static discharge e.g. spark formation. Restrict line velocity during pumping in order to avoid generation of electrostatic discharge ( $\leq 1$  m/s until fill pipe submerged to twice its diameter, then  $\leq 7$  m/s). Avoid splash filling. Do NOT use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling operations.

Hygiene measures : Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping. Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle. Do not ingest. If swallowed, then seek immediate medical assistance. If repeated and/or prolonged skin exposure to the substance is likely, then wear suitable gloves tested to EN374 and provide employee skin care programmes.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Further information on storage stability : Drum and small container storage:  
Drums should be stacked to a maximum of 3 high.  
Use properly labeled and closable containers.  
Tank storage:  
Tanks must be specifically designed for use with this product.  
Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded).  
Locate tanks away from heat and other sources of ignition.  
Must be stored in a diked (bunded) well-ventilated area, away from sunlight, ignition sources and other sources of heat.  
Vapours from tanks should not be released to atmosphere.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

Breathing losses during storage should be controlled by a suitable vapour treatment system.  
The vapour is heavier than air. Beware of accumulation in pits and confined spaces.  
Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place.  
Keep in a cool place.  
Electrostatic charges will be generated during pumping. Electrostatic discharge may cause fire. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment to reduce the risk.  
The vapours in the head space of the storage vessel may lie in the flammable/explosive range and hence may be flammable.  
Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation covering the packaging and storage of this product.  
Keep in a bunded area with a sealed (low permeability) floor, to provide containment against spillage.  
Prevent ingress of water.

Packaging material : Suitable material: For containers, or container linings use mild steel, stainless steel., Aluminium may also be used for applications where it does not present an unnecessary fire hazard., Examples of suitable materials are: high density polyethylene (HDPE) and Viton (FKM), which have been specifically tested for compatibility with this product., For container linings, use amine-adduct cured epoxy paint., For seals and gaskets use: graphite, PTFE, Viton A, Viton B.  
Unsuitable material: Some synthetic materials may be unsuitable for containers or container linings depending on the material specification and intended use. Examples of materials to avoid are: natural rubber (NR), nitrile rubber (NBR), ethylene propylene rubber (EPDM), polymethyl methacrylate (PMMA), polystyrene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC), polyisobutylene., However, some may be suitable for glove materials.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Please refer to section 16 and/or the annexes for the registered uses under REACH.

See additional references that provide safe handling practices for liquids that are determined to be static accumulators: American Petroleum Institute 2003 (Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents) or National Fire Protection Agency 77 (Recommended Practices on Static Electricity).  
IEC/TS 60079-32-1: Electrostatic hazards, guidance  
Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage facilities are followed.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1 Control parameters

##### Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Naphthalene	91-20-3	TLV-8hr	10 ppm 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NL WG
Naphthalene		TLV-15 min	16 ppm 80 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NL WG
Naphthalene		TWA	10 ppm 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	91/322/EEC
Further information: Indicative				

##### Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

##### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
Distillates (Fischer-Tropsch), C8-26 - Branched and Linear				
Remarks:	No DNEL value has been established.			
Fuels, diesel	Workers	Dermal		2,9 mg/kg 8h
Remarks:	long term, systemic effects			
Fuels, diesel	Workers	Inhalation		68 mg/m <sup>3</sup> /8h (aerosol)
Remarks:	long term, systemic effects			
Fuels, diesel	Consumers	Dermal		1,3 mg/kg 24h
Remarks:	long term, systemic effects			
Fuels, diesel	Consumers	Inhalation		20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> /24h (aerosol)
Remarks:	long term, systemic effects			
Naphthalene	Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects	4,23 mg/kg

##### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
Remarks:	Substance is a hydrocarbon with a complex, unknown or variable composition. Conventional methods of deriving PNECs are not appropriate and it is not possible to identify a single representative PNEC for such substances.	

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

##### Engineering measures

Read in conjunction with the Exposure Scenario for your specific use contained in the Annex. The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version 3.1	Revision Date: 29.11.2024	SDS Number: 800001036203	Date of last issue: 12.12.2023 Print Date 03.03.2025
----------------	------------------------------	-----------------------------	---

Use sealed systems as far as possible.  
Firewater monitors and deluge systems are recommended.  
Adequate explosion-proof ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines/limits.  
Local exhaust ventilation is recommended.  
Eye washes and showers for emergency use.

### General Information:

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Do not ingest. If swallowed, then seek immediate medical assistance

### Personal protective equipment

Read in conjunction with the Exposure Scenario for your specific use contained in the Annex.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE directive (Council Directive 89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards.

Eye protection : If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, protective eyewear is recommended.  
If a local risk assessment deems it so then chemical splash goggles may not be required and safety glasses may provide adequate eye protection.

Approved to EU Standard EN166.

Hand protection

Remarks : Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. When prolonged or frequent repeated contact occurs. Nitrile rubber. For incidental contact/splash protection Neoprene, PVC gloves may be suitable. For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version 3.1      Revision Date: 29.11.2024      SDS Number: 800001036203      Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

---

time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model.

Skin and body protection : Wear chemical resistant gloves/gauntlets and boots. Where risk of splashing, also wear an apron.

Protective clothing approved to EU Standard EN14605.

Respiratory protection : If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are unsuitable (e.g. airborne concentrations are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined space) use appropriate positive pressure breathing apparatus. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter.

Select a filter suitable for the combination of organic gases and vapours and particles meeting EN14387 and EN143 [Filter type A/P for use against certain organic gases and vapours with a boiling point >65°C (149°F) and for use against particles].

Thermal hazards : Not applicable

---

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : liquid  
Colour : Colourless to light coloured  
Odour : Hydrocarbon  
Odour Threshold : Data not available

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version 3.1      Revision Date: 29.11.2024      SDS Number: 800001036203      Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

---

pour point : -40 - -10 °C  
Method: ASTM D5950

Initial boiling point and boiling range : 170 - 390 °C

### Flammability

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

### Lower explosion limit and upper explosion limit / flammability limit

Upper explosion limit / upper flammability limit : 6 %(V)

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : 1 %(V)

Flash point : 55 - 75 °C  
Method: Unspecified

Auto-ignition temperature : > 220 °C

Decomposition temperature  
Decomposition temperature : Data not available

pH : Not applicable

### Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : Data not available

Viscosity, kinematic : 2 - 4,5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (40,0 °C)  
Method: Unspecified

Method: Unspecified  
Not applicable

### Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : negligible

Solubility in other solvents : Data not available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: ca. 2 - 15

Vapour pressure : 0,4 kPa (38,0 °C)  
Method: Unspecified

0,6 kPa (50,0 °C)  
Method: Unspecified

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version 3.1      Revision Date: 29.11.2024      SDS Number: 800001036203      Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

---

Relative density : Data not available

Density : 740 - 845 kg/m<sup>3</sup> (15,0 °C)  
Method: Unspecified

Relative vapour density : > 4

Particle characteristics  
Particle size : Data not available

### 9.2 Other information

Explosive properties : Classification Code: Not classified

Oxidizing properties : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : Data not available

Conductivity : Low conductivity: < 100 pS/m, The conductivity of this material makes it a static accumulator., A liquid is typically considered nonconductive if its conductivity is below 100 pS/m and is considered semi-conductive if its conductivity is below 10,000 pS/m., Whether a liquid is nonconductive or semiconductive, the precautions are the same., A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, and anti-static additives can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid

---

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal use conditions.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

In certain circumstances product can ignite due to static electricity.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Strong oxidising agents.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version 3.1      Revision Date: 29.11.2024      SDS Number: 800001036203      Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage. Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulphur oxides and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative degradation.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Information on likely routes of exposure : Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur through inhalation or following accidental ingestion.

#### Acute toxicity

##### Product:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (rat): > 5.000 mg/kg  
Remarks: Low toxicity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC 50 (rat): >1-<=5 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Remarks: Harmful if inhaled.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD 50 (Rabbit): > 2.000 mg/kg  
Remarks: Low toxicity

##### Components:

#### **Distillates (Fischer-Tropsch), C8-26 - Branched and Linear:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Kerosene (Fischer Tropsch), Full range, C8-C16 branched and linear:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD 50 (rat): > 5.000 mg/kg  
Remarks: Low toxicity  
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute inhalation toxicity : (Rat): > 5 mg/l



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version 3.1      Revision Date: 29.11.2024      SDS Number: 800001036203      Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

---

Exposure time: 4 h  
Remarks: Low toxicity  
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute dermal toxicity : (Rat): Remarks: LD50 >2000 mg/kg  
Low toxicity  
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Skin corrosion/irritation

**Product:**

Remarks : Irritating to skin.

**Components:**

**Distillates (Fischer-Tropsch), C8-26 - Branched and Linear:**

Remarks : Not irritating to skin.  
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Kerosene (Fischer Tropsch), Full range, C8-C16 branched and linear:**

Remarks : Slightly irritating to skin.  
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

**Product:**

Remarks : Slightly irritating to the eye.  
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Components:**

**Distillates (Fischer-Tropsch), C8-26 - Branched and Linear:**

Remarks : Not irritating to eye.  
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Kerosene (Fischer Tropsch), Full range, C8-C16 branched and linear:**

Remarks : Slightly irritating to the eye.  
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

**Product:**

Remarks : Not a sensitiser.  
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Components:**

**Distillates (Fischer-Tropsch), C8-26 - Branched and Linear:**

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version 3.1      Revision Date: 29.11.2024      SDS Number: 800001036203      Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

---

Remarks : Not a sensitiser.  
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Kerosene (Fischer Tropsch), Full range, C8-C16 branched and linear:**

Remarks : Not a sensitiser.  
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Germ cell mutagenicity**

#### **Product:**

Genotoxicity in vivo : Remarks: Positive in in-vitro, but negative in in-vivo mutagenicity assays.

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment : This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

#### **Components:**

### **Distillates (Fischer-Tropsch), C8-26 - Branched and Linear:**

Genotoxicity in vitro : Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Genotoxicity in vivo : Remarks: Not mutagenic.  
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment : This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

### **Kerosene (Fischer Tropsch), Full range, C8-C16 branched and linear:**

Genotoxicity in vivo : Remarks: Non mutagenic

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment : This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

### **Carcinogenicity**

#### **Product:**

Remarks : Limited evidence of carcinogenic effect  
Repeated skin contact has resulted in irritation and skin cancer in animals.

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

#### **Components:**

### **Distillates (Fischer-Tropsch), C8-26 - Branched and Linear:**

Remarks : Not a carcinogen.  
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

### **Kerosene (Fischer Tropsch), Full range, C8-C16 branched and linear:**

Remarks : Not a carcinogen.  
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Fuels, diesel	Carcinogenicity Category 2
Distillates (Fischer-Tropsch), C8-26 - Branched and Linear	No carcinogenicity classification.
Kerosene (Fischer Tropsch), Full range, C8-C16 branched and linear	No carcinogenicity classification.
Naphthalene	Carcinogenicity Category 2

Material	Other Carcinogenicity Classification
Fuels, diesel	IARC: Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans
Naphthalene	IARC: Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

### **Reproductive toxicity**

#### **Product:**

Effects on fertility :  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

#### **Components:**

### **Distillates (Fischer-Tropsch), C8-26 - Branched and Linear:**

Effects on fertility :  
Remarks: Does not impair fertility., Not a developmental toxicant., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version 3.1      Revision Date: 29.11.2024      SDS Number: 800001036203      Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

---

assessment categories 1A/1B.

### **Kerosene (Fischer Tropsch), Full range, C8-C16 branched and linear:**

Effects on fertility :  
Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Does not impair fertility.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

### **STOT - single exposure**

#### **Product:**

Remarks : Not classified.

#### **Components:**

### **Distillates (Fischer-Tropsch), C8-26 - Branched and Linear:**

Remarks : High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression resulting in headaches, dizziness and nausea. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Kerosene (Fischer Tropsch), Full range, C8-C16 branched and linear:**

Remarks : High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression resulting in headaches, dizziness and nausea; continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness and/or death.

### **STOT - repeated exposure**

#### **Product:**

Target Organs : Blood, thymus, Liver  
Remarks : May cause damage to organs or organ systems through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### **Components:**

### **Distillates (Fischer-Tropsch), C8-26 - Branched and Linear:**

Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Kerosene (Fischer Tropsch), Full range, C8-C16 branched and linear:**

Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

---

### Aspiration toxicity

#### Product:

Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

#### Components:

##### **Distillates (Fischer-Tropsch), C8-26 - Branched and Linear:**

Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

##### **Kerosene (Fischer Tropsch), Full range, C8-C16 branched and linear:**

Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

## 11.2 Information on other hazards

### Endocrine disrupting properties

#### Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

### Further information

#### Product:

Remarks : Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

#### Components:

##### **Distillates (Fischer-Tropsch), C8-26 - Branched and Linear:**

Remarks : Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

##### **Kerosene (Fischer Tropsch), Full range, C8-C16 branched and linear:**

Remarks : Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version 3.1      Revision Date: 29.11.2024      SDS Number: 800001036203      Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

---

### SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1 Toxicity

**Product:**

- Toxicity to fish : Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 1 <= 10 mg/l  
Toxic
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 1 <= 10 mg/l  
Toxic
- Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 1 <= 10 mg/l  
Toxic
- Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 0.01 - <=0.1 mg/l
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 0.1 - <=1.0 mg/l
- Toxicity to microorganisms :  
Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l  
Practically non toxic:  
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Components:**

**Distillates (Fischer-Tropsch), C8-26 - Branched and Linear:**

- Toxicity to fish : LL50 : > 1.000 mg/l  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : LL50 : > 1.000 mg/l  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : LL50 : > 1.000 mg/l  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Toxicity to microorganisms : LL50 : > 100 mg/l  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC: 100 mg/l  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC: 32 mg/l  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version 3.1      Revision Date: 29.11.2024      SDS Number: 800001036203      Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

---

ic toxicity)      met.

### **Kerosene (Fischer Tropsh), Full range, C8-C16 branched and linear:**

Toxicity to fish      :    Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l  
Practically non toxic:  
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Toxicity to daphnia and other      :    Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l  
aquatic invertebrates      Practically non toxic:  
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants      :    Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l  
Practically non toxic:  
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Toxicity to microorganisms      :    Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l  
Practically non toxic:  
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-      :    Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 100 mg/l  
icity)

Toxicity to daphnia and other      :    Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 10 - <=100 mg/l  
aquatic invertebrates (Chron-  
ic toxicity)

## **12.2 Persistence and degradability**

### **Product:**

Biodegradability      :    Remarks: Readily biodegradable.  
Not Persistent per IMO criteria.  
International Oil Pollution Compensation (IOPC) Fund definition:  
"A non-persistent oil is oil, which, at the time of shipment, consists of hydrocarbon fractions, (a) at least 50% of which, by volume, distills at a temperature of 340°C (645°F) and (b) at least 95% of which, by volume, distils at a temperature of 370°C (700°F) when tested by the ASTM Method D-86/78 or any subsequent revision thereof."

### **Components:**

#### **Distillates (Fischer-Tropsh), C8-26 - Branched and Linear:**

Biodegradability      :    Biodegradation: 80 %  
Exposure time: 28 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F  
Remarks: Readily biodegradable.

#### **Kerosene (Fischer Tropsh), Full range, C8-C16 branched and linear:**

Biodegradability      :    Remarks: Product is not persistent.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

Not Persistent per IMO criteria.

International Oil Pollution Compensation (IOPC) Fund definition:  
"A non-persistent oil is oil, which, at the time of shipment, consists of hydrocarbon fractions, (a) at least 50% of which, by volume, distills at a temperature of 340°C (645°F) and (b) at least 95% of which, by volume, distils at a temperature of 370°C (700°F) when tested by the ASTM Method D-86/78 or any subsequent revision thereof."

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

**Product:**

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Contains constituents with the potential to bioaccumulate.

**Components:**

**Distillates (Fischer-Tropsch), C8-26 - Branched and Linear:**

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Contains constituents with the potential to bioaccumulate.

**Kerosene (Fischer Tropsch), Full range, C8-C16 branched and linear:**

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Contains constituents with the potential to bioaccumulate.

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

**Product:**

Mobility : Remarks: Partly evaporates from water or soil surfaces, but a significant proportion will remain after one day., If product enters soil, one or more constituents will be mobile and may contaminate groundwater., Large volumes may penetrate soil and could contaminate groundwater., Floats on water.

**Components:**

**Distillates (Fischer-Tropsch), C8-26 - Branched and Linear:**

Mobility : Remarks: Floats on water., Partly evaporates from water or soil surfaces, but a significant proportion will remain after one day., Large volumes may penetrate soil and could contaminate groundwater.

**Kerosene (Fischer Tropsch), Full range, C8-C16 branched and linear:**

Mobility : Remarks: Partly evaporates from water or soil surfaces, but a significant proportion will remain after one day., Large volumes may penetrate soil and could contaminate groundwater., Floats on water.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

**Product:**



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version 3.1      Revision Date: 29.11.2024      SDS Number: 800001036203      Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

---

Assessment : This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB..

### Components:

#### **Distillates (Fischer-Tropsch), C8-26 - Branched and Linear:**

Assessment : The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not considered to be PBT or vPvB..

#### **Kerosene (Fischer Tropsch), Full range, C8-C16 branched and linear:**

Assessment : The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not considered to be PBT or vPvB..

## 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

### Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

## 12.7 Other adverse effects

### Product:

Additional ecological information : Films formed on water may affect oxygen transfer and damage organisms.

### Components:

#### **Distillates (Fischer-Tropsch), C8-26 - Branched and Linear:**

Additional ecological information : Films formed on water may affect oxygen transfer and damage organisms.

#### **Kerosene (Fischer Tropsch), Full range, C8-C16 branched and linear:**

Additional ecological information : Films formed on water may affect oxygen transfer and damage organisms.

---

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Recover or recycle if possible.  
It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses.  
Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination.  
Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.  
MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides technical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.

Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment.

Contaminated packaging : Residues may cause an explosion hazard if heated above the flash point. Do not puncture, cut or weld uncleaned drums. Do not pollute the soil, water or environment with the waste container.  
Comply with any local recovery or waste disposal regulations. Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.

Local legislation

Remarks : Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.  
Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and must be complied with.

EU Waste Disposal Code (EWC):  
13 07 01\* fuel oil and diesel.  
The number given to waste is associated with the appropriate usage. The user must decide if their particular use results in another waste code being assigned.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

#### 14.1 UN number or ID number

ADN : 1202  
ADR : 1202  
RID : 1202  
IMDG : 1202  
IATA : 1202

#### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADN : GAS OIL

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version 3.1      Revision Date: 29.11.2024      SDS Number: 800001036203      Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

---

**ADR** : GAS OIL  
**RID** : GAS OIL  
**IMDG** : GAS OIL  
**IATA** : GAS OIL

### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

**ADN** : 3  
**ADR** : 3  
**RID** : 3  
**IMDG** : 3  
**IATA** : 3

### 14.4 Packing group

**ADN**  
Packing group : III  
Classification Code : F1  
Labels : 3 (N2, F)  
CDNI Inland Water Waste Agreement : NST 3251 Gas oil

**ADR**  
Packing group : III  
Classification Code : F1  
Hazard Identification Number : 30  
Labels : 3

**RID**  
Packing group : III  
Classification Code : F1  
Hazard Identification Number : 30  
Labels : 3

**IMDG**  
Packing group : III  
Labels : 3

**IATA**  
Packing group : III  
Labels : 3

### 14.5 Environmental hazards

**ADN**  
Environmentally hazardous : yes

**ADR**  
Environmentally hazardous : yes

**RID**  
Environmentally hazardous : yes

**IMDG**  
Marine pollutant : yes

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version 3.1      Revision Date: 29.11.2024      SDS Number: 800001036203      Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

---

### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Remarks : Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

### 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

---

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.	34c	Petroleum products: (a) gasolines and naphthas, (b) kerosenes (including jet fuels), (c) gas oils (including diesel fuels, home heating oils and gas oil blending streams), (d) heavy fuel oils (e) alternative fuels serving the same purposes and with similar properties as regards flammability and environmental hazards as the products referred to in points (a) to (d)
---	-----	--

#### Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

Product is subject to Major accident risk decision 2015 (BRZO+) based on Seveso III directive (2012/18/EU).

#### The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS : All components listed or polymer exempt.

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment was performed for all substances of this product.

---

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Full text of H-Statements

H226 : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.  
H226 : Flammable liquid and vapour.

---

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version 3.1      Revision Date: 29.11.2024      SDS Number: 800001036203      Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

H302 : Harmful if swallowed.  
H304 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
H315 : Causes skin irritation.  
H332 : Harmful if inhaled.  
H351 : Suspected of causing cancer.  
H373 : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.  
H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.  
H411 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity  
Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard  
Asp. Tox. : Aspiration hazard  
Carc. : Carcinogenicity  
Flam. Liq. : Flammable liquids  
Skin Irrit. : Skin irritation  
STOT RE : Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure  
91/322/EEC : Europe. Commission Directive 91/322/EEC on establishing indicative limit values  
NL WG : Netherlands. Law on Labour conditions - Occupational Exposure Limits  
91/322/EEC / TWA : Limit Value - eight hours  
NL WG / TLV-8hr : Time Weighted Average  
NL WG / TLV-15 min : Short Term Exposure Limit

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version 3.1      Revision Date: 29.11.2024      SDS Number: 800001036203      Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECL - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Further information

Training advice : Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.

Other information : This product is intended for use in closed systems only.

This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

### Classification of the mixture:

Flam. Liq. 3	H226
Asp. Tox. 1	H304
Skin Irrit. 2	H315
Acute Tox. 4	H332
Carc. 2	H351
STOT RE 2	H373
Aquatic Chronic 2	H411

### Classification procedure:

On basis of test data.  
Expert judgement and weight of evidence determination.  
Expert judgement and weight of evidence determination.  
Expert judgement and weight of evidence determination.  
Expert judgement and weight of evidence determination.  
Expert judgement and weight of evidence determination.  
Expert judgement and weight of evidence determination.

### Identified Uses according to the Use Descriptor System

#### Uses - Worker

Title : Manufacture of substance  
- Industrial

#### Uses - Worker

Title : Use as an intermediate  
- Industrial

#### Uses - Worker

Title : Distribution of substance  
- Industrial

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

---

### Uses - Worker

Title : Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures  
- Industrial

### Uses - Worker

Title : Use as a fuel  
- Industrial

### Uses - Worker

Title : Use as a fuel  
- Professional

### Identified Uses according to the Use Descriptor System

#### Uses - Consumer

Title : Use as a fuel  
- Consumer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

NL / EN

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

### Exposure Scenario - Worker

<b>300000000042</b>	
<b>SECTION 1</b>	<b>EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE</b>
<b>Title</b>	Manufacture of substance- Industrial
<b>Use Descriptor</b>	<b>Sector of Use:</b> SU3, SU9 <b>Process Categories:</b> PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC15 <b>Environmental Release Categories:</b> ERC1, ESVOC SpERC 1.1.v1
<b>Scope of process</b>	Manufacture of the substance or use as a process chemical or extraction agent. Includes recycling/ recovery, material transfers, storage, maintenance and loading (including marine vessel/barge, road/rail car and bulk container), sampling and associated laboratory activities.

<b>SECTION 2</b>	<b>OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES</b>
<b>Section 2.1</b>	<b>Control of Worker Exposure</b>
<b>Product Characteristics</b>	
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP with potential for aerosol generation.
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,
<b>Frequency and Duration of Use</b>	
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
<b>Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure</b>	
Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.	
<b>Contributing Scenarios</b>	<b>Risk Management Measures</b>
General measures applicable to all activities.	Ensure relevant staff are informed of exposure potential and aware of basic actions to minimise exposures; ensure suitable personal protective equipment is available; clear up spills and dispose of waste in accordance with regulatory requirements; monitor effectiveness of control measures; provide regular health surveillance as appropriate; identify and implement corrective actions.
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

General exposures (closed systems)	No other specific measures identified.
General exposures (open systems)	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Process sampling	No other specific measures identified.
Bulk closed loading and unloading.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Bulk open loading and unloading.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Equipment cleaning and maintenance	Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.
Laboratory activities	No other specific measures identified.
Bulk product storage	Store substance within a closed system.
<b>Section 2.2</b>	<b>Control of Environmental Exposure</b>
Substance is complex UVCB.	
Predominantly hydrophobic.	
<b>Amounts Used</b>	
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region:	0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year):	2,8E+07
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:	0,021
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):	6,0E+05
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	2,0E+06
<b>Frequency and Duration of Use</b>	
Continuous release.	
Emission Days (days/year):	300
<b>Environmental factors not influenced by risk management</b>	
Local freshwater dilution factor:	10
Local marine water dilution factor:	100
<b>Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure</b>	
Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-02
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM):	3,0E-05
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-04
<b>Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release</b>	
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
<b>Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil</b>	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment.	
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	90
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	90,3
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

wastewater treatment required.	
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.	
<b>Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site</b>	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
<b>Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant</b>	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	94,1
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	94,1
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	3,3E+06
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	10.000
<b>Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal</b>	
During manufacturing no waste of the substance is generated.	
<b>Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste</b>	
During manufacturing no waste of the substance is generated.	

<b>SECTION 3</b>	<b>EXPOSURE ESTIMATION</b>
<b>Section 3.1 - Health</b>	
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.	

<b>Section 3.2 -Environment</b>	
The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.	

<b>SECTION 4</b>	<b>GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO</b>
<b>Section 4.1 - Health</b>	
Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects. Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.	

<b>Section 4.2 -Environment</b>	
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.	
Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.	
Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone	

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

---

or in combination.
--------------------

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet ( <a href="http://cefic.org">http://cefic.org</a> ).
--

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

### Exposure Scenario - Worker

<b>300000000043</b>	
<b>SECTION 1</b>	<b>EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE</b>
<b>Title</b>	Use as an intermediate- Industrial
<b>Use Descriptor</b>	<b>Sector of Use:</b> SU3, SU9 <b>Process Categories:</b> PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC15 <b>Environmental Release Categories:</b> ERC6a, ESVOC SpERC 6.1a.v1
<b>Scope of process</b>	Use of substance as an intermediate (not related to Strictly Controlled Conditions). Includes recycling/ recovery, material transfers, storage, sampling, associated laboratory activities, maintenance and loading (including marine vessel/barge, road/rail car and bulk container).

<b>SECTION 2</b>	<b>OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES</b>
<b>Section 2.1</b>	<b>Control of Worker Exposure</b>
<b>Product Characteristics</b>	
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP with potential for aerosol generation.
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,
<b>Frequency and Duration of Use</b>	
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
<b>Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure</b>	
Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.	
<b>Contributing Scenarios</b>	<b>Risk Management Measures</b>
General measures applicable to all activities.	Ensure relevant staff are informed of exposure potential and aware of basic actions to minimise exposures; ensure suitable personal protective equipment is available; clear up spills and dispose of waste in accordance with regulatory requirements; monitor effectiveness of control measures; provide regular health surveillance as appropriate; identify and implement corrective actions.
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

General exposures (closed systems)	No other specific measures identified.
General exposures (open systems)	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Process sampling	No other specific measures identified.
Bulk closed loading and unloading.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Bulk open loading and unloading.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Equipment cleaning and maintenance	Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.
Laboratory activities	No other specific measures identified.
Bulk product storage	Store substance within a closed system.
<b>Section 2.2</b>	<b>Control of Environmental Exposure</b>
Substance is complex UVCB.	
Predominantly hydrophobic.	
<b>Amounts Used</b>	
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region:	0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year):	3,5E+05
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:	0,043
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):	1,5E+04
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	5,0E+04
<b>Frequency and Duration of Use</b>	
Continuous release.	
Emission Days (days/year):	300
<b>Environmental factors not influenced by risk management</b>	
Local freshwater dilution factor:	10
Local marine water dilution factor:	100
<b>Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure</b>	
Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-03
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM):	3,0E-05
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-03
<b>Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release</b>	
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
<b>Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil</b>	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment.	
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	80
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	51,7

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

the required removal efficiency of $\geq$ (%)	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required.	0
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.	
<b>Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site</b>	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
<b>Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant</b>	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	94,1
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	94,1
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	4,1E+05
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m <sup>3</sup> /d)	2.000
<b>Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal</b>	
This substance is consumed during use and no waste of substance is generated.	
<b>Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste</b>	
This substance is consumed during use and no waste of substance is generated.	

<b>SECTION 3</b>	<b>EXPOSURE ESTIMATION</b>
<b>Section 3.1 - Health</b>	
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.	

<b>Section 3.2 -Environment</b>	
The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.	

<b>SECTION 4</b>	<b>GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO</b>
<b>Section 4.1 - Health</b>	
Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects. Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.	

<b>Section 4.2 -Environment</b>	
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.	
Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technolo-	

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

---

gies, either alone or in combination.
---------------------------------------

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.
---

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet ( <a href="http://cefic.org">http://cefic.org</a> ).
--

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

### Exposure Scenario - Worker

<b>300000000044</b>	
<b>SECTION 1</b>	<b>EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE</b>
<b>Title</b>	Distribution of substance- Industrial
<b>Use Descriptor</b>	<b>Sector of Use:</b> SU3 <b>Process Categories:</b> PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC15 <b>Environmental Release Categories:</b> ERC1, ERC2, ERC3, ERC4, ERC5, ERC6a, ERC6b, ERC6c, ERC7, ESVOC SpERC 1.1b.v1
<b>Scope of process</b>	Loading (including marine vessel/barge, rail/road car and IBC loading) and repacking (including drums and small packs) of substance, including its sampling, storage, unloading distribution and associated laboratory activities.

<b>SECTION 2</b>	<b>OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES</b>
<b>Section 2.1</b>	<b>Control of Worker Exposure</b>
<b>Product Characteristics</b>	
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP with potential for aerosol generation.
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,
<b>Frequency and Duration of Use</b>	
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
<b>Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure</b>	
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.	
<b>Contributing Scenarios</b>	<b>Risk Management Measures</b>
General measures applicable to all activities.	Ensure relevant staff are informed of exposure potential and aware of basic actions to minimise exposures; ensure suitable personal protective equipment is available; clear up spills and dispose of waste in accordance with regulatory requirements; monitor effectiveness of control measures; provide regular health surveillance as appropriate; identify and implement corrective actions.
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

General exposures (closed systems)	No other specific measures identified.
General exposures (open systems)	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Process sampling	No other specific measures identified.
Laboratory activities	No other specific measures identified.
Bulk closed loading and unloading.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Bulk open loading and unloading.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Drum and small package filling	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Equipment cleaning and maintenance	Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.
Storage.	Store substance within a closed system.
<b>Section 2.2</b>	<b>Control of Environmental Exposure</b>
Substance is complex UVCB.	
Predominantly hydrophobic.	
<b>Amounts Used</b>	
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region:	0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year):	2,8E+07
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:	0,002
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):	5,6E+04
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	1,9E+05
<b>Frequency and Duration of Use</b>	
Continuous release.	
Emission Days (days/year):	300
<b>Environmental factors not influenced by risk management</b>	
Local freshwater dilution factor:	10
Local marine water dilution factor:	100
<b>Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure</b>	
Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-03
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-06
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-05
<b>Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release</b>	
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
<b>Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil</b>	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment.	
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required.	

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	90
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	9,6
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required.	0
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.	
<b>Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site</b>	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
<b>Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant</b>	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	94,1
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	94,1
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	2,9E+06
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000
<b>Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal</b>	
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.	
<b>Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste</b>	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.	

<b>SECTION 3</b>	<b>EXPOSURE ESTIMATION</b>
<b>Section 3.1 - Health</b>	
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.	

<b>Section 3.2 -Environment</b>	
The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.	

<b>SECTION 4</b>	<b>GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO</b>
<b>Section 4.1 - Health</b>	
Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects. Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.	

<b>Section 4.2 -Environment</b>	
---------------------------------	--

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

---

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
--

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.
---

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.
---

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet ( <a href="http://cefic.org">http://cefic.org</a> ).
--

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

### Exposure Scenario - Worker

<b>300000000045</b>	
<b>SECTION 1</b>	<b>EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE</b>
<b>Title</b>	Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures- Industrial
<b>Use Descriptor</b>	<b>Sector of Use:</b> SU3, SU10 <b>Process Categories:</b> PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15 <b>Environmental Release Categories:</b> ERC2, ESVOC SpERC 2.2.v1
<b>Scope of process</b>	Formulation, packing and re-packing of the substance and its mixtures in batch or continuous operations, including storage, materials transfers, mixing, tableting, compression, pelletisation, extrusion, large and small scale packing, sampling, maintenance and associated laboratory activities.

<b>SECTION 2</b>	<b>OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES</b>
<b>Section 2.1</b>	<b>Control of Worker Exposure</b>
<b>Product Characteristics</b>	
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP with potential for aerosol generation.
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,
<b>Frequency and Duration of Use</b>	
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
<b>Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure</b>	
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.	
<b>Contributing Scenarios</b>	<b>Risk Management Measures</b>
General measures applicable to all activities.	Ensure relevant staff are informed of exposure potential and aware of basic actions to minimise exposures; ensure suitable personal protective equipment is available; clear up spills and dispose of waste in accordance with regulatory requirements; monitor effectiveness of control measures; provide regular health surveillance as appropriate; identify and implement corrective actions.
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

General exposures (closed systems)	No other specific measures identified.
General exposures (open systems)	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Process sampling	No other specific measures identified.
Drum/batch transfers	Use drum pumps or carefully pour from container. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.
Bulk transfers	Handle substance within a closed system. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Mixing operations (open systems)	Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions occur. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.
Production or preparation or articles by tableting, compression, extrusion or pelletisation	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Drum/batch transfers	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Laboratory activities	No other specific measures identified.
Equipment cleaning and maintenance	Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.
Storage.	Store substance within a closed system.
<b>Section 2.2 Control of Environmental Exposure</b>	
Substance is complex UVCB.	
Predominantly hydrophobic.	
<b>Amounts Used</b>	
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region:	0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year):	2,8E+07
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:	0,0011
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):	3,0E+04
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	1,0E+05
<b>Frequency and Duration of Use</b>	
Continuous release.	
Emission Days (days/year):	300
<b>Environmental factors not influenced by risk management</b>	
Local freshwater dilution factor:	10
Local marine water dilution factor:	100
<b>Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure</b>	
Release fraction to air from process (after typical onsite RMMs con-	1,0E-02

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

sistent with EU Solvent Emissions Directive requirements):	
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM):	2,0E-05
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-04
<b>Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release</b>	
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-lease estimates used.	
<b>Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil</b>	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment.	
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	60,0
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required.	
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.	
<b>Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site</b>	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
<b>Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant</b>	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	94,1
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	94,1
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	6,8E+05
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000
<b>Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal</b>	
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.	
<b>Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste</b>	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.	

### SECTION 3

### EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

#### Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

#### Section 3.2 -Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

--

<b>SECTION 4</b>	<b>GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO</b>
------------------	--

<b>Section 4.1 - Health</b>
Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects. Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

<b>Section 4.2 -Environment</b>
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.
Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.
Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet ( <a href="http://cefic.org">http://cefic.org</a> ).

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

### Exposure Scenario - Worker

<b>300000000046</b>	
<b>SECTION 1</b>	<b>EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE</b>
<b>Title</b>	Use as a fuel- Industrial
<b>Use Descriptor</b>	<b>Sector of Use:</b> SU3 <b>Process Categories:</b> PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC16 <b>Environmental Release Categories:</b> ERC7, ESVOC SpERC 7.12a.v1
<b>Scope of process</b>	Covers the use as a fuel (or fuel additive) and includes activities associated with its transfer, use, equipment maintenance and handling of waste.

<b>SECTION 2</b>	<b>OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES</b>
<b>Section 2.1</b>	<b>Control of Worker Exposure</b>
<b>Product Characteristics</b>	
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP with potential for aerosol generation.
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,
<b>Frequency and Duration of Use</b>	
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
<b>Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure</b>	
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.	
<b>Contributing Scenarios</b>	<b>Risk Management Measures</b>
General measures applicable to all activities.	Ensure relevant staff are informed of exposure potential and aware of basic actions to minimise exposures; ensure suitable personal protective equipment is available; clear up spills and dispose of waste in accordance with regulatory requirements; monitor effectiveness of control measures; provide regular health surveillance as appropriate; identify and implement corrective actions.
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.
Bulk transfers	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

Drum/batch transfers	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Use as a fuel(closed systems)	No other specific measures identified.
Equipment cleaning and maintenance	Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.
Storage.	Handle substance within a closed system.
<b>Section 2.2</b>	<b>Control of Environmental Exposure</b>
Substance is complex UVCB.	
Predominantly hydrophobic.	
<b>Amounts Used</b>	
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region:	0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year):	4,5E+06
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:	0,34
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):	1,5E+06
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	5,0E+06
<b>Frequency and Duration of Use</b>	
Continuous release.	
Emission Days (days/year):	300
<b>Environmental factors not influenced by risk management</b>	
Local freshwater dilution factor:	10
Local marine water dilution factor:	100
<b>Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure</b>	
Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM):	5,0E-03
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-05
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	0
<b>Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release</b>	
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
<b>Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil</b>	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment.	
Onsite waste water treatment required.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	95
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	97,7
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, provide the required onsite wastewater removal efficiency of (%)	60,4
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.	
<b>Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site</b>	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
<b>Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant</b>	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	94,1

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

treatment (%)	
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	97,7
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	5,5E+06
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000
<b>Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal</b>	
Combustion emissions limited by required exhaust emission controls. Waste combustion emissions considered in regional exposure assessment.	
<b>Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste</b>	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.	

<b>SECTION 3</b>	<b>EXPOSURE ESTIMATION</b>
<b>Section 3.1 - Health</b>	
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.	

<b>Section 3.2 -Environment</b>	
The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.	

<b>SECTION 4</b>	<b>GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO</b>
<b>Section 4.1 - Health</b>	
Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects. Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.	

<b>Section 4.2 -Environment</b>	
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.	
Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.	
Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.	
Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet ( <a href="http://cefic.org">http://cefic.org</a> ).	

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

### Exposure Scenario - Worker

<b>300000000047</b>	
<b>SECTION 1</b>	<b>EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE</b>
<b>Title</b>	Use as a fuel- Professional
<b>Use Descriptor</b>	<b>Sector of Use:</b> SU22 <b>Process Categories:</b> PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC16 <b>Environmental Release Categories:</b> ERC9a, ERC9b, ESVOC SpERC 9.12b.v1
<b>Scope of process</b>	Covers the use as a fuel (or fuel additives and additive components) within closed or contained systems, including incidental exposures during activities associated with its transfer, use, equipment maintenance and handling of waste.

<b>SECTION 2</b>	<b>OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES</b>
<b>Section 2.1</b>	<b>Control of Worker Exposure</b>
<b>Product Characteristics</b>	
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP with potential for aerosol generation.
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,
<b>Frequency and Duration of Use</b>	
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
<b>Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure</b>	
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.	
<b>Contributing Scenarios</b>	<b>Risk Management Measures</b>
General measures applicable to all activities.	Ensure relevant staff are informed of exposure potential and aware of basic actions to minimise exposures; ensure suitable personal protective equipment is available; clear up spills and dispose of waste in accordance with regulatory requirements; monitor effectiveness of control measures; provide regular health surveillance as appropriate; identify and implement corrective actions.
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.
Bulk transfers	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

Drum/batch transfers	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Refueling.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Use as a fuel(closed systems)	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). , or: Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors.
Equipment cleaning and maintenance	Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.
Storage.	Store substance within a closed system.
<b>Section 2.2</b>	<b>Control of Environmental Exposure</b>
Substance is complex UVCB.	
Predominantly hydrophobic.	
<b>Amounts Used</b>	
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region:	0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year):	6,7E+06
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:	0,0005
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):	3,3E+03
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	9,2E+03
<b>Frequency and Duration of Use</b>	
Continuous release.	
Emission Days (days/year):	365
<b>Environmental factors not influenced by risk management</b>	
Local freshwater dilution factor:	10
Local marine water dilution factor:	100
<b>Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure</b>	
Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-04
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-05
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-05
<b>Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release</b>	
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
<b>Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil</b>	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment.	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	8,3
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required.	
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite	0

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

wastewater.	
<b>Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site</b>	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
<b>Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant</b>	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	94,1
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	94,1
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	1,4E+05
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000
<b>Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal</b>	
Combustion emissions limited by required exhaust emission controls. Waste combustion emissions considered in regional exposure assessment.	
<b>Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste</b>	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.	

<b>SECTION 3</b>	<b>EXPOSURE ESTIMATION</b>
<b>Section 3.1 - Health</b>	
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.	

<b>Section 3.2 -Environment</b>	
The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.	

<b>SECTION 4</b>	<b>GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO</b>
<b>Section 4.1 - Health</b>	
Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects. Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.	

<b>Section 4.2 -Environment</b>	
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.	
Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.	
Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone	

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

---

or in combination.
--------------------

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet ( <a href="http://cefic.org">http://cefic.org</a> ).
--

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

### Exposure Scenario - Consumer

<b>30000000211</b>	
<b>SECTION 1</b>	<b>EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE</b>
<b>Title</b>	Use as a fuel - Consumer
<b>Use Descriptor</b>	<b>Sector of Use:</b> SU21 <b>Product Categories:</b> PC13 <b>Environmental Release Categories:</b> ERC9a, ERC9b, ESVOC SpERC 9.12c.v1
<b>Scope of process</b>	Covers consumer uses in liquid fuels.

<b>SECTION 2</b>	<b>OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES</b>	
<b>Section 2.1</b>	<b>Control of Consumer Exposure</b>	
<b>Product Characteristics</b>		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 Pa	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Unless stated otherwise.	
	Covers concentration up to (%): 100 %	
<b>Amounts Used</b>		
Unless stated otherwise.		
for each use event, covers amount up to (g):	37.500	
covers skin contact area (cm <sup>2</sup> ):	420	
<b>Frequency and Duration of Use</b>		
Unless stated otherwise.		
covers use up to (times/day of use):	0,143	
Exposure (hours/event):	2	
<b>Product Categories</b>	<b>OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES</b>	
Fuels Liquid: Automotive Refuelling.	Covers concentration up to (%): 100 %	
	Covers use up to (days/year): 52 day/year	
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use	
	covers skin contact area up to (cm <sup>2</sup> ): 210 cm <sup>2</sup>	
	For each use event, covers amount up to 37.500 g	
	Covers outdoor use.	
	Covers use in room size of 100 m <sup>3</sup>	
	Covers exposure up to 0,05 hours/event	
Fuels Liquid, Garden Equipment - Use.	Covers concentrations up to 100 %	
	covers use up to 26 day/year	
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use	
	For each use event, covers amount up to 750 g	
	Covers outdoor use.	
	Covers use in room size of 100 m <sup>3</sup>	
	Covers exposure up to 2,00 hours/event	

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

Fuels Liquid: Garden Equipment - Refuelling.	Covers concentrations up to 100 %
	covers use up to 26 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm <sup>2</sup> ): 420 cm <sup>2</sup>
	For each use event, covers amount up to 750 g
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m <sup>3</sup> ) under typical ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 34 m <sup>3</sup>
	Covers exposure up to 0,03 hours/event

<b>Section 2.2</b>	<b>Control of Environmental Exposure</b>
Substance is complex UVCB.	
Predominantly hydrophobic.	
<b>Amounts Used</b>	
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region:	0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year):	1,6E+07
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:	0,0005
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):	8,2E+03
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	2,3E+04
<b>Frequency and Duration of Use</b>	
Continuous release.	
Emission Days (days/year):	365
<b>Environmental factors not influenced by risk management</b>	
Local freshwater dilution factor:	10
Local marine water dilution factor:	100
<b>Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure</b>	
Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only):	1,0E-04
Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use:	1,0E-05
Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only):	1,0E-05
<b>Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant</b>	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	94,1
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	3,5E+05
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m <sup>3</sup> /d)	2.000
<b>Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal</b>	
Combustion emissions limited by required exhaust emission controls. Waste combustion emissions considered in regional exposure assessment.	
<b>Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste</b>	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.	

<b>SECTION 3</b>	<b>EXPOSURE ESTIMATION</b>
<b>Section 3.1 - Health</b>	
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate consumer exposures unless otherwise indicated.	



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Gasoil (GO)

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
29.11.2024

SDS Number:  
800001036203

Date of last issue: 12.12.2023  
Print Date 03.03.2025

### Section 3.2 -Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

### SECTION 4

### GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

#### Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

#### Section 4.2 -Environment

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (<http://cefic.org>).